

**HERMES MICROVISION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND**  
**REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT**  
**ACCOUNTANTS**  
**FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015**

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For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

## REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

PWCR16000096

To Hermes Microvision, Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Hermes Microvision, Inc. and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the nine-month periods then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion of these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 36 "Engagements to Review Financial Statements" in the Republic of China. A review consists primarily of inquiries of Company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

*PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan*

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan  
Hsinchu, Taiwan  
Republic of China

October 28, 2016

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

**HERMES MICROVISION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30**

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(The consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2016 and 2015 are reviewed, not audited)

Assets		Notes	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		September 30, 2015	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
<b>Current assets</b>								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 10,328,147	64	\$ 8,559,779	51	\$ 9,784,463	62
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)						
	through profit or loss - current		-	-	-	-	613,368	4
1147	Investments in debt instrument	6(4)						
	without active markets		-	-	2,828,250	17	-	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)	2,029,594	13	1,329,965	8	1,408,637	9
1180	Accounts receivable - related	7						
	parties		34,820	-	29,332	-	21,156	-
1200	Other receivables		6,228	-	3,760	-	5,761	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(6)	2,363,839	15	2,634,265	16	2,720,597	17
1410	Prepayments		91,558	1	160,236	1	100,562	1
1470	Other current assets		55,838	-	60,856	-	45,742	-
11XX	<b>Current Assets</b>		<u>14,910,024</u>	<u>93</u>	<u>15,606,443</u>	<u>93</u>	<u>14,700,286</u>	<u>93</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>								
1523	Available - for - sale financial	6(3)						
	assets - noncurrent		-	-	32,524	-	32,524	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment,	6(7)						
	net		1,044,589	7	975,021	6	958,395	6
1780	Intangible assets, net	6(8)	20,112	-	25,203	-	23,504	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets		63,853	-	56,638	1	50,129	1
1900	Other non - current assets		8,025	-	9,452	-	9,601	-
15XX	<b>Non - current assets</b>		<u>1,136,579</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1,098,838</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1,074,153</u>	<u>7</u>
1XXX	<b>Total assets</b>		<u>\$ 16,046,603</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 16,705,281</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 15,774,439</u>	<u>100</u>

(Continued)

**HERMES MICROVISION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30**

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(The consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2016 and 2015 are reviewed, not audited)

Liabilities and Equity		Notes	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		September 30, 2015	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
<b>Current liabilities</b>								
2170	Accounts payable		\$ 104,128	1	\$ 106,129	1	\$ 197,546	1
2200	Other payables	6(9)	1,359,040	8	1,690,655	10	1,582,471	10
2220	Other payables - related parties	7	32,276	-	43,663	-	57,770	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities		91,314	1	182,404	1	123,152	1
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(12)	1,845,464	11	1,808,182	11	1,693,059	11
2300	Other current liabilities		98,983	1	105,292	-	81,331	1
21XX	<b>Current Liabilities</b>		<u>3,531,205</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>3,936,325</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>3,735,329</u>	<u>24</u>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>								
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities		17,211	-	16,586	-	17,667	-
2600	Other non - current liabilities	6(10)	116,928	1	116,103	1	77,590	-
25XX	<b>Non - current liabilities</b>		<u>134,139</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>132,689</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>95,257</u>	<u>-</u>
2XXX	<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<u>3,665,344</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>4,069,014</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>3,830,586</u>	<u>24</u>
<b>Equity</b>								
<b>Equity attributable to owners of parent company</b>								
<b>Share capital</b>								
3110	Share capital - common stock	6(13)	710,000	5	710,000	4	710,000	5
3200	Capital surplus	6(14)	5,520,328	35	5,436,908	33	5,433,169	34
<b>Retained earnings</b>		6(15)						
3310	Legal reserve		1,022,142	6	789,999	5	789,999	5
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		5,037,556	31	5,574,668	33	4,881,936	31
<b>Other equity interest</b>		6(16)						
3400	Other equity interest		39,151	-	71,323	1	76,598	1
31XX	<b>Equity attributable to owners of the parent company</b>		<u>12,329,177</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>12,582,898</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>11,891,702</u>	<u>76</u>
36XX	<b>Non - controlling interest</b>		<u>52,082</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>53,369</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>52,151</u>	<u>-</u>
3XXX	<b>Total equity</b>		<u>12,381,259</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>12,636,267</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>11,943,853</u>	<u>76</u>
<b>Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognised contract commitments</b>		9						
3X2X	<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<u>\$ 16,046,603</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 16,705,281</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 15,774,439</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



**HERMES MICROVISION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)  
(UNAUDITED)

	Items	Notes	For the three-month periods ended September 30				For the nine-month periods ended September 30			
			2016		2015		2016		2015	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(17) and 7	\$ 953,120	100	\$ 1,048,275	100	\$ 3,432,579	100	\$ 4,926,873	100
5000	Operating costs	6(6)	( 283,767)	( 30)	( 310,767)	( 30)	( 1,020,278)	( 30)	( 1,458,866)	( 30)
5900	Net operating margin		669,353	70	737,508	70	2,412,301	70	3,468,007	70
	Operating expenses	6(20)(21) and 7								
6100	Selling expenses		( 120,370)	( 13)	( 113,166)	( 11)	( 321,010)	( 9)	( 406,570)	( 8)
6200	General and administrative expenses		( 118,955)	( 12)	( 110,813)	( 10)	( 362,333)	( 11)	( 365,997)	( 7)
6300	Research and development expenses		( 206,481)	( 22)	( 270,770)	( 26)	( 625,043)	( 18)	( 974,218)	( 20)
6000	Total operating expenses		( 445,806)	( 47)	( 494,749)	( 47)	( 1,308,386)	( 38)	( 1,746,785)	( 35)
6900	Operating profit		223,547	23	242,759	23	1,103,915	32	1,721,222	35
	Non-operating income and expenses									
7010	Other income	6(18)	8,279	1	13,843	2	40,209	1	56,591	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(19)	( 89,068)	( 9)	304,878	29	( 22,360)	-	190,922	4
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		( 80,789)	( 8)	318,721	31	17,849	1	247,513	5
7900	Profit before tax		142,758	15	561,480	54	1,121,764	33	1,968,735	40
7950	Income tax expense	6(22)	( 111,044)	( 11)	( 95,521)	( 9)	( 291,238)	( 9)	( 372,894)	( 8)
8200	Profit for the period		\$ 31,714	4	\$ 465,959	45	\$ 830,526	24	\$ 1,595,841	32
	Other comprehensive income for the period									
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss									
8361	Cumulative translation differences of foreign operations		( \$ 30,848)	( 3)	\$ 64,191	6	( \$ 39,543)	( 1)	\$ 37,663	1
8399	Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income	6(22)	4,777	-	( 9,869)	( 1)	6,589	-	( 5,520)	-
8360	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		( 26,071)	( 3)	54,322	5	( 32,954)	( 1)	32,143	1
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period		( \$ 26,071)	( 3)	\$ 54,322	5	( \$ 32,954)	( 1)	\$ 32,143	1
8500	Total comprehensive income for the period		\$ 5,643	1	\$ 520,281	50	\$ 797,572	23	\$ 1,627,984	33
	Profit (loss), attributable to:									
8610	Equity holders of the parent company		\$ 34,091	4	\$ 471,140	45	\$ 831,031	24	\$ 1,596,920	32
8620	Non-controlling interest		( 2,377)	-	( 5,181)	-	( 505)	-	( 1,079)	-
	Profit for the period		\$ 31,714	4	\$ 465,959	45	\$ 830,526	24	\$ 1,595,841	32
	Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:									
8710	Equity holders of the parent company		\$ 10,765	2	\$ 519,320	50	\$ 798,859	23	\$ 1,623,868	33
8720	Non-controlling interest		( 5,122)	( 1)	961	-	( 1,287)	-	4,116	-
	Total comprehensive income for the period		\$ 5,643	1	\$ 520,281	50	\$ 797,572	23	\$ 1,627,984	33
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(23)	\$ 0.48		\$ 6.64		\$ 11.70		\$ 22.49	
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(23)	\$ 0.48		\$ 6.63		\$ 11.68		\$ 22.46	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

HERMES MICROVISION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)  
(UNAUDITED)

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent							Non-controlling interest	Total equity
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Retained Earnings		Cumulative translation differences of foreign operations	Total		
				Legal reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings				
<u>For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015</u>									
Balance at January 1, 2015		\$ 710,000	\$ 5,431,196	\$ 466,206	\$ 5,170,809	\$ 49,650	\$ 11,827,861	\$ 47,103	\$ 11,874,964
Distribution of 2014 earnings:									
Legal reserve		-	-	323,793	( 323,793 )	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	( 1,562,000 )	-	( 1,562,000 )	-	( 1,562,000 )
Profit (loss) for the period		-	-	-	1,596,920	-	1,596,920	( 1,079 )	1,595,841
Other comprehensive income for the period	6(16)	-	-	-	-	26,948	26,948	5,195	32,143
Adjustments arising from changes in percentages of ownership in subsidiary		-	1,973	-	-	-	1,973	932	2,905
Balance at September 30, 2015		<u>\$ 710,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,433,169</u>	<u>\$ 789,999</u>	<u>\$ 4,881,936</u>	<u>\$ 76,598</u>	<u>\$ 11,891,702</u>	<u>\$ 52,151</u>	<u>\$ 11,943,853</u>
<u>For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016</u>									
Balance at January 1, 2016		\$ 710,000	\$ 5,436,908	\$ 789,999	\$ 5,574,668	\$ 71,323	\$ 12,582,898	\$ 53,369	\$ 12,636,267
Distribution of 2015 earnings:									
Legal reserve		-	-	232,143	( 232,143 )	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	( 1,136,000 )	-	( 1,136,000 )	-	( 1,136,000 )
Profit (loss) for the period		-	-	-	831,031	-	831,031	( 505 )	830,526
Share-based payment transactions		-	83,420	-	-	-	83,420	-	83,420
Other comprehensive loss for the period	6(16)	-	-	-	-	( 32,172 )	( 32,172 )	( 782 )	( 32,954 )
Balance at September 30, 2016		<u>\$ 710,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,520,328</u>	<u>\$ 1,022,142</u>	<u>\$ 5,037,556</u>	<u>\$ 39,151</u>	<u>\$ 12,329,177</u>	<u>\$ 52,082</u>	<u>\$ 12,381,259</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

HERMES MICROVISION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)  
(UNAUDITED)

		For the nine-month	
		periods ended September 30	
	Notes	2016	2015
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Profit before tax		\$ 1,121,764	\$ 1,968,735
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation	6(7)(20)	83,477	55,999
Amortization	6(8)(20)	7,165	5,653
Revaluation of financial assets at fair value	6(19)	( 22,530 )	( 656 )
Loss on disposal of property, plant, equipment and intangible assets	6(19)	2,218	644
Compensation cost of employee stock option	6(11)(21)	83,420	1,955
Compensation cost of stock appreciation right	6(11)(21)	( 197,881 )	822,261
Interest income	6(18)	( 38,013 )	( 48,232 )
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Accounts receivable		( 699,629 )	1,253,146
Accounts receivable - related parties		( 5,488 )	( 1,022 )
Other receivables		( 3,278 )	772
Inventories		175,578	( 942,239 )
Prepayments		( 3,603 )	11,553
Other current assets		5,018	( 40,891 )
Other non - current assets		( 36 )	( 43 )
Changes in operating liabilities			
Accounts payable		( 2,001 )	19,987
Other payables		( 130,243 )	( 278,925 )
Other payables - related parties		( 11,387 )	( 20,407 )
Provisions for liabilities		37,282	221,921
Other current liabilities		( 6,309 )	( 5,722 )
Other non - current liabilities		825	664
Cash inflow generated from operations		396,349	3,025,153
Interest received		38,823	49,005
Income tax paid		( 288,992 )	( 494,506 )
Net cash flows from operating activities		146,180	2,579,652
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		22,530	489,093
Proceeds from disposal of bond investments without active markets-current		2,828,250	1,257,760
Disposal (Acquisition) of available - for - sale financial assets - non - current		32,524	( 25,074 )
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(24)	( 115,239 )	( 308,550 )
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant, equipment and intangible assets		-	148
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(8)	( 2,197 )	( 16,700 )
Increase in deposits - out		1,463	( 123 )
Net cash flows from investing activities		2,767,331	1,396,554
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Cash dividends paid		( 1,136,000 )	( 1,562,000 )
Proceeds from the exercise of subsidiaries' employee stock option		-	950
Net cash flows used in financing activities		( 1,136,000 )	( 1,561,050 )
Effect of fluctuations in exchange rate		( 9,143 )	( 27,164 )
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,768,368	2,387,992
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)	8,559,779	7,396,471
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	6(1)	\$ 10,328,147	\$ 9,784,463

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

HERMES MICROVISION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)  
(UNAUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Hermes Microvision, Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated on May 19, 2003. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the “Group”) are engaged in the research, development, design, manufacturing and sale of precision instruments and machinery (electronic inspection equipment). The Company’s stock was listed on the Taipei Exchange (formerly named GreTai Securities Market), effective from May 21, 2012. The Company obtained the certification of Corporate Governance Assessment 6009 by Taiwan Corporate Governance Association on September 30, 2014.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on October 28, 2016.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

None.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2017 are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Investment entities: applying the consolidation exception (amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28)	January 1, 2016
Accounting for acquisition of interests in joint operations (amendments to IFRS 11)	January 1, 2016
IFRS 14, 'Regulatory deferral accounts'	January 1, 2016
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 1)	January 1, 2016
Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)	January 1, 2016



New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Agriculture: bearer plants (amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41)	January 1, 2016
Defined benefit plans: employee contributions (amendments to IAS 19R)	July 1, 2014
Equity method in separate financial statements (amendments to IAS 28)	January 1, 2016
Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets (amendments to IAS 36)	January 1, 2014
Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting (amendments to IAS 39)	January 1, 2014
IFRIC 21, 'Levies'	January 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014	January 1, 2016

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating result based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS endorsed by the FSC effective from 2017 are as follows :

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective Date by International Accounting Standards Board
Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions (amendments to IFRS 2)	January 1, 2018
Applying IFRS 9 'Financial instruments' with IFRS 4 'Insurance contracts' (amendments to IFRS 4)	January 1, 2018
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 1, 2018
Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Clarifications to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contract with customers' (amendments to IFRS 15)	January 1, 2018
IFRS 16, 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 7)	January 1, 2017
Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses (amendments to IAS 12)	January 1, 2017

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating result based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

A. Amendments to IFRS 2, 'Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions'

The amendment clarifies that the fair value of a cash-settled award is determined on a basis consistent with that used for equity-settled awards. The amendment also clarifies the accounting for modifications that change an award from cash-settled to equity-settled. Besides, the amendment introduces an exception that will require an award to be treated as if it was wholly equity-settled, where an employer is obliged to withhold an amount for the employee's tax obligation associated with a share-based payment and pay that amount to the tax authority.

B. IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'

- (a) Classification of debt instruments is driven by the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets, which would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or financial asset measured at amortized cost. Equity instruments would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, unless an entity makes an irrevocable election at inception to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.
- (b) The impairment losses of debt instruments are assessed using an 'expected credit loss' approach. An entity assesses at each balance sheet date whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition to recognize 12-month expected credit losses ('ECL') or lifetime ECL (interest revenue would be calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset before impairment losses occurred); or if the instrument that has objective evidence of impairment, interest revenue after the impairment would be calculated on the book value of net carrying amount (i.e. net of credit allowance).

C. IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers"

IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" replaces IAS 11 "Construction contracts", IAS 18 "Revenue" and relevant interpretations. According to IFRS 15, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services. A customer obtains control of goods or services when a customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognizes revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:

Step1: Identify contracts with customer

Step 2: Identify separate performance obligations in the contract(s)

Step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price.

Step 5: Recognize revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

Further, IFRS 15 includes a set of comprehensive disclosure requirements that requires an entity to disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

D. Amendments to IFRS 15, 'Clarifications to revenue from contracts with customers'

The amendments clarify how to identify a performance obligation (the promise to transfer a good or a service to a customer) in a contract; determine whether a company is a principal (the provider of a good or service) or an agent (responsible for arranging for the good or service to be provided); and determine whether the revenue from granting a license should be recognized at a point in time or over time. In addition to the clarifications, the amendments include two additional reliefs to reduce cost and complexity for a company when it first applies the new Standard.

E. IFRS 16, 'Leases'

IFRS 16, 'Leases', replaces IAS 17, 'Leases' and related interpretations and SICs. The standard requires lessees to recognize a 'right-of-use asset' and a lease liability (except for those leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets). The accounting stays the same for lessors, which is to classify their leases as either finance leases or operating leases and account for those two types of leases differently. IFRS 16 only requires enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors.

F. Amendments to IAS 7, 'Disclosure initiative'

This amendment requires that an entity shall provide more disclosures related to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except for the following, the accounting policies applied in the consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

- A. The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers" and IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the FSC.
- B. Please refer to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

(2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:

- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
- (b) Available-for-sale financial assets measured at fair value.
- (c) Liabilities on cash-settled share-based payment arrangement measured at fair value.
- (d) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the “IFRS”) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group’s consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (d) Changes in a parent’s ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.



- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of Investor	Name of subsidiary	Main Business Activities	Percentage of Ownership			Note
			September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	
Hermes Microvision Inc.	HMI Holdings Inc.	Investment holdings	100	100	100	-
HMI Holdings Inc.	Hermes Microvision Korea Inc.	Marketing of e-Beam inspection equipment and its components and related technical support services	100	100	100	-
HMI Holdings Inc.	Hermes Microvision Japan Inc.	Marketing of e-Beam inspection equipment and its components and related technical support services	100	100	100	-
HMI Holdings Inc.	HMI Investment Corp.	Investment holdings	100	100	100	-
HMI Holdings Inc.	Hermes Microvision Co., Ltd. (Beijing)	Research, development and manufacturing of semiconductor machinery and equipment and related technical support services	100	100	100	-
HMI Investment Corp.	Hermes Microvision, Inc.	Research and development center	94	94	94	-

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

E. Nature and extent of the restrictions on fund remittance from subsidiaries to the parent company: None.

(4) Pensions

Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

(5) Income tax

The interim period income tax expense is recognized based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technological innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified periods in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of September 30, 2016, the carrying amount of inventories was \$2,363,839.

B. Provision for warranty liability

Warranty liabilities are primarily arising from sales of equipment. The amount of the obligation is estimated based on the sufficient objective evidences, including the historical warranty records.

As of September 30, 2016, the carrying amount of accrued warranty liabilities was \$1,845,464.

## 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Cash on hand	\$ 988	\$ 483	\$ 387
Checking accounts and demand deposits	8,627,159	3,128,091	4,046,876
Time deposits	1,700,000	5,431,205	5,737,200
Total	<u>\$ 10,328,147</u>	<u>\$ 8,559,779</u>	<u>\$ 9,784,463</u>

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

### (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

<u>Items</u>	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Current items:			
Financial assets held for trading - beneficiary certificates	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 615,000
Valuation	-	-	( 1,632)
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 613,368</u>

A. The Group recognized net gain (loss) of \$866, (\$2,681), \$22,530, and \$656 on financial assets held for trading for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

B. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.

### (3) Available-for-sale financial assets

<u>Item</u>	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Non-listed and emerging stocks	\$ -	\$ 32,524	\$ 32,524
Valuation adjustment of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 32,524</u>	<u>\$ 32,524</u>

The Group did not recognize any other comprehensive income for fair value change for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

(4) Investments in debt instruments without active markets

Item	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Time deposits	\$ -	\$ 2,828,250	\$ -

A. The Group listed the time deposits more than 90 days in this account.

B. The Group recognized interest of \$0, \$0, \$3,656 and \$4,931 in profit or loss for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

C. The counterparties of the Group's investments have good credit quality.

(5) Accounts receivable

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,029,594	\$ 1,329,965	\$ 1,408,637
Less: allowance for bad debts	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 2,029,594</u>	<u>\$ 1,329,965</u>	<u>\$ 1,408,637</u>

A. Analysis of movement of impaired accounts receivable:

As of September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, the Group had no provisions for impairment of accounts receivable.

B. The Group's accounts receivable that were neither past due nor impaired were fully performing in line with the credit standards prescribed based on counterparties' industrial characteristics, scale of business and profitability, which had good credit quality.

C. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

(6) Inventories

September 30, 2016			
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 1,121,053	(\$ 261,676)	\$ 859,377
Work - in - process	1,630,304	( 332,164)	1,298,140
Finished goods	248,508	( 42,186)	206,322
Total	<u>\$ 2,999,865</u>	<u>(\$ 636,026)</u>	<u>\$ 2,363,839</u>
December 31, 2015			
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 1,210,342	(\$ 252,592)	\$ 957,750
Work - in - process	1,728,143	( 182,701)	1,545,442
Finished goods	228,434	( 97,361)	131,073
Total	<u>\$ 3,166,919</u>	<u>(\$ 532,654)</u>	<u>\$ 2,634,265</u>



	September 30, 2015		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 1,240,579	(\$ 193,354)	\$ 1,047,225
Work - in - process	1,756,294	( 189,291)	1,567,003
Finished goods	255,781	( 149,412)	106,369
Total	<u>\$ 3,252,654</u>	<u>(\$ 532,057)</u>	<u>\$ 2,720,597</u>

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the period:

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Cost of goods sold	\$ 179,959	\$ 284,234
Loss on decline in market value	103,808	26,533
	<u>\$ 283,767</u>	<u>\$ 310,767</u>
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Cost of goods sold	\$ 854,482	\$ 1,425,241
Loss on decline in market value	165,796	33,625
	<u>\$ 1,020,278</u>	<u>\$ 1,458,866</u>

(Blank below)

(7) Property, plant and equipment

	Buildings	Machinery	Computer and communication equipment	Transportation equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements	Other equipment	Prepayments for equipment and construction in progress	Total
<u>At January 1, 2016</u>									
Cost	\$ 815,321	\$ 285,827	\$ 10,913	\$ 6,016	\$ 62,167	\$ 46,286	\$ 48,226	\$ 13,664	\$ 1,288,420
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	( 18,707)	( 218,182)	( 6,209)	( 4,446)	( 27,895)	( 34,041)	( 3,919)	-	( 313,399)
	<u>\$ 796,614</u>	<u>\$ 67,645</u>	<u>\$ 4,704</u>	<u>\$ 1,570</u>	<u>\$ 34,272</u>	<u>\$ 12,245</u>	<u>\$ 44,307</u>	<u>\$ 13,664</u>	<u>\$ 975,021</u>
<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016</u>									
Opening net book amount	\$ 796,614	\$ 67,645	\$ 4,704	\$ 1,570	\$ 34,272	\$ 12,245	\$ 44,307	\$ 13,664	\$ 975,021
Additions	56,590	7,675	135	365	970	36,079	668	9,266	111,748
Disposals	-	( 2,177)	( 28)	-	( 13)	-	-	-	( 2,218)
Reclassifications	3,274	55,960	-	-	-	-	9,091	( 19,115)	49,210
Depreciation charge	( 41,945)	( 21,451)	( 1,505)	( 524)	( 8,763)	( 3,332)	( 5,957)	-	( 83,477)
Net exchange differences	-	( 4,000)	( 163)	( 74)	119	( 1,534)	-	( 43)	( 5,695)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 814,533</u>	<u>\$ 103,652</u>	<u>\$ 3,143</u>	<u>\$ 1,337</u>	<u>\$ 26,585</u>	<u>\$ 43,458</u>	<u>\$ 48,109</u>	<u>\$ 3,772</u>	<u>\$ 1,044,589</u>
<u>At September 30, 2016</u>									
Cost	\$ 875,185	\$ 330,492	\$ 10,209	\$ 6,218	\$ 62,667	\$ 79,633	\$ 57,985	\$ 3,772	\$ 1,426,161
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	( 60,652)	( 226,840)	( 7,066)	( 4,881)	( 36,082)	( 36,175)	( 9,876)	-	( 381,572)
	<u>\$ 814,533</u>	<u>\$ 103,652</u>	<u>\$ 3,143</u>	<u>\$ 1,337</u>	<u>\$ 26,585</u>	<u>\$ 43,458</u>	<u>\$ 48,109</u>	<u>\$ 3,772</u>	<u>\$ 1,044,589</u>

	Buildings	Machinery	Computer and communication equipment	Transportation equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements	Other equipment	Prepayments for equipment and construction in progress	Total
<u>At January 1, 2015</u>									
Cost	\$ -	\$ 268,525	\$ 9,258	\$ 6,095	\$ 37,338	\$ 63,744	\$ 17,302	\$ 611,885	\$ 1,014,147
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	( 192,608)	( 4,218)	( 3,530)	( 22,175)	( 41,082)	( 1,003)	-	( 264,616)
	\$ -	\$ 75,917	\$ 5,040	\$ 2,565	\$ 15,163	\$ 22,662	\$ 16,299	\$ 611,885	\$ 749,531
<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015</u>									
Opening net book amount	\$ -	\$ 75,917	\$ 5,040	\$ 2,565	\$ 15,163	\$ 22,662	\$ 16,299	\$ 611,885	\$ 749,531
Additions	940	5,203	1,179	-	28,065	1,304	4,218	226,251	267,160
Disposals	-	( 730)	-	( 51)	( 11)	-	-	-	( 792)
Reclassifications	709,924	3,592	-	-	-	-	9,299	( 725,676)	( 2,861)
Depreciation charge	( 7,644)	( 26,744)	( 1,461)	( 711)	( 6,318)	( 10,713)	( 2,408)	-	( 55,999)
Net exchange differences	-	829	181	32	55	275	-	( 16)	1,356
Closing net book amount	\$ 703,220	\$ 58,067	\$ 4,939	\$ 1,835	\$ 36,954	\$ 13,528	\$ 27,408	\$ 112,444	\$ 958,395
<u>At September 30, 2015</u>									
Cost	\$ 710,864	\$ 271,458	\$ 10,634	\$ 6,079	\$ 61,979	\$ 47,021	\$ 30,137	\$ 112,444	\$ 1,250,616
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	( 7,644)	( 213,391)	( 5,695)	( 4,244)	( 25,025)	( 33,493)	( 2,729)	-	( 292,221)
	\$ 703,220	\$ 58,067	\$ 4,939	\$ 1,835	\$ 36,954	\$ 13,528	\$ 27,408	\$ 112,444	\$ 958,395

(8) Intangible assets

	<u>Computer Software</u>
<u>At January 1, 2016</u>	
Cost	\$ 50,186
Accumulated amortization and impairment	( 24,983)
	<u>\$ 25,203</u>
<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016</u>	
Opening net book amount	\$ 25,203
Additions - acquired separately	2,197
Amortization charge	( 7,165)
Net exchange differences	( 123)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 20,112</u>
<u>At September 30, 2016</u>	
Cost	\$ 51,819
Accumulated amortization and impairment	( 31,707)
	<u>\$ 20,112</u>
	<u>Computer Software</u>
<u>At January 1, 2015</u>	
Cost	\$ 29,396
Accumulated amortization and impairment	( 17,039)
	<u>\$ 12,357</u>
<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015</u>	
Opening net book amount	\$ 12,357
Additions - acquired separately	16,700
Amortization charge	( 5,653)
Net exchange differences	100
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 23,504</u>
<u>At September 30, 2015</u>	
Cost	\$ 46,029
Accumulated amortization and impairment	( 22,525)
	<u>\$ 23,504</u>



Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Operating expenses	\$ 2,348	\$ 2,655
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Operating expenses	\$ 7,165	\$ 5,653

(9) Other payables

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Accrued salaries and bonuses	\$ 1,023,465	\$ 1,332,789	\$ 1,311,356
Accrued employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remuneration	231,382	202,757	182,150
Accrued commission	-	23,648	17,994
Payables on equipment	308	3,799	4,148
Others	103,885	127,662	66,823
	<u>\$ 1,359,040</u>	<u>\$ 1,690,655</u>	<u>\$ 1,582,471</u>

(10) Pension

A.(a)The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by the end of December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method, to the employees expected to be qualified for retirement next year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.

- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognized pension costs of \$539, \$518, \$1,713 and \$1,553 for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
  - (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2016 amounts to \$1,858.
- B.(a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the “New Plan”) under the Labor Pension Act (the “Act”), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees’ monthly salaries and wages to the employees’ individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b)The Company’s indirect Mainland China subsidiary – Hermes Microvision Co., Ltd. (Beijing) has a funded defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”) are based on certain percentage of the employees’ monthly salaries and wages. Except for the monthly contributions, Hermes Microvision Co., Ltd. (Beijing) has no further obligations under the plan.
  - (c)The subsidiary Hermes Microvision, Inc. (USA) has established a 401(k) plan in accordance with Article 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of the U.S.A. Under the 401(k) plan, Hermes Microvision, Inc. (USA) may contribute monthly a certain amount of the employees’ monthly salaries, not exceeding the maximum limit, to the employees’ pension accounts based on its employee reward and retirement policy.
  - (d)The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and nine -month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$8,392, \$3,179, \$30,542 and \$26,720, respectively.

(11) Share-based payment

The Group:

A. The Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	Contract period	Vesting conditions
Stock appreciation rights plan	December 31, 2013	1,104,000	3 years	Note 1
Stock appreciation rights plan	January 1, 2014	729,700	5 years	Note 2
Stock appreciation rights plan	April 1, 2014	50,500	5 years	Note 2
Stock appreciation rights plan	July 1, 2014	40,000	5 years	Note 2
Stock appreciation rights plan	October 1, 2014	61,600	5 years	Note 2
Stock appreciation rights plan	January 1, 2015	78,800	5 years	Note 2
Stock appreciation rights plan	April 1, 2015	48,800	5 years	Note 2
Stock appreciation rights plan	July 1, 2015	20,000	5 years	Note 2
Employee stock options plan	December 22, 2015	750,000	5 years	Note 3

Note 1: 40% of the stock appreciation rights were vested since grant date and the others will be vested 7.5% every season in the next eight seasons.

Note 2: 25% of the stock appreciation rights will be vested after four seasons since grant date and the others will be vested 6.25% every season in the next 16 seasons from the first vesting date.

Note 3: This employee compensation plan was issued by the Company. The plan should be granted under the conditions below: 50% of the stock appreciation rights will be vested after 2 years' service. Moreover, another 25% of stock appreciation rights should be vested after 3 years, and the other 25% will be in the next year.

Each stock appreciation right represents the future appreciation of one share. The plan will be cash-settled by multiplying the execution rights of the employees and the price variance of the closing date's stock price and the executing price.

(Blank below)

B. The fair value of stock appreciation rights are measured by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Expected price volatility	Expected term	Expected dividends yield rate	Risk - free interest rate	Fair value per unit (in NT dollars)
Stock appreciation rights plan 1	December 31, 2013	55.47%	3 Years	0%	0.33%	\$657.32
Stock appreciation rights plan 2	January 1, 2014	56.80%~62.46%	5 Years	0%	0.35%~0.38%	\$561.25~598.76
Stock appreciation rights plan 3	April 1, 2014	55.22%~62.70%	5 Years	0%	0.35%~0.39%	\$449.75~487.97
Stock appreciation rights plan 4	July 1, 2014	54.73%~61.09%	5 Years	0%	0.35%~0.42%	\$554.31~596.12
Stock appreciation rights plan 5	October 1, 2014	53.77%~59.84%	5 Years	0%	0.36%~0.44%	\$522.73~573.77
Stock appreciation rights plan 6	January 1, 2015	52.22%~58.36%	5 Years	0%	0.37%~0.50%	\$408.50~471.98
Stock appreciation rights plan 7	April 1, 2015	51.04%~56.93%	5 Years	0%	0.37%~0.50%	\$354.30~425.75
Stock appreciation rights plan 8	July 1, 2015	50.49%~56.15%	5 Years	0%	0.39%~0.51%	\$308.82~387.50

C. The fair value of employee stock options are measured by using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. Relevant information is as follows:

Employee stock options plan 1

Grant date: December 22, 2015

	Vested after 2 years' service	Vested after 3 years' service	Vested after 4 years' service
Dividend rate	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Expected price volatility	47.63%	49.10%	49.17%
Risk-free interest rate	0.57%	0.61%	0.66%
Expected option life	3.5 years	4 years	4.5 years
Options granted by Parent Company	375,000	187,500	187,500
Fair value of weighted-average (in NTD dollars/Unit)	\$374.9	\$407.9	\$428.2



D.Details of the stock appreciation rights plan 1 are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
	<u>No. of Rights</u>	<u>No. of Rights</u>
Rights outstanding at beginning of the period	423,170	691,643
Rights granted	-	-
Rights forfeited	( 628)	( 6,008)
Rights exercised	( 102,632)	( 237,106)
Rights outstanding at end of the period	<u>319,910</u>	<u>448,529</u>
Rights exercisable at end of the period	<u>319,910</u>	<u>292,919</u>

Details of the stock appreciation rights plan 2 are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
	<u>No. of Rights</u>	<u>No. of Rights</u>
Rights outstanding at beginning of the period	518,045	695,300
Rights granted	-	-
Rights forfeited	( 8,830)	( 35,563)
Rights exercised	( 34,704)	( 120,617)
Rights outstanding at end of the period	<u>474,511</u>	<u>539,120</u>
Rights exercisable at end of the period	<u>246,008</u>	<u>137,353</u>

Details of the stock appreciation rights plan 3 are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
	No. of Rights	No. of Rights
Rights outstanding at beginning of the period	42,285	48,500
Rights granted	-	-
Rights forfeited	( 4,000)	-
Rights exercised	( 1,906)	( 6,215)
Rights outstanding at end of the period	<u>36,379</u>	<u>42,285</u>
Rights exercisable at end of the period	<u>17,346</u>	<u>8,939</u>

Details of the stock appreciation rights plan 4 are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
	No. of Rights	No. of Rights
Rights outstanding at beginning of the period	35,618	40,000
Rights granted	-	-
Rights forfeited	( 563)	-
Rights exercised	( 2,807)	( 2,370)
Rights outstanding at end of the period	<u>32,248</u>	<u>37,630</u>
Rights exercisable at end of the period	<u>13,998</u>	<u>7,630</u>

Details of the stock appreciation rights plan 5 are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
	No. of Rights	No. of Rights
Rights outstanding at beginning of the period	51,290	61,600
Rights granted	-	-
Rights forfeited	( 2,000)	( 8,000)
Rights exercised	( 688)	-
Rights outstanding at end of the period	48,602	53,600
Rights exercisable at end of the period	20,583	-

Details of the stock appreciation rights plan 6 are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
	No. of Rights	No. of Rights
Rights outstanding at beginning of the period	74,800	-
Rights granted	-	78,800
Rights forfeited	-	( 4,000)
Rights exercised	-	-
Rights outstanding at end of the period	74,800	74,800
Rights exercisable at the end of the period	28,048	-

Details of the stock appreciation rights plan 7 are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
	No. of Rights	No. of Rights
Rights outstanding at beginning of the period	48,800	-
Rights granted	-	48,800
Rights forfeited	( 4,000)	-
Rights exercised	-	-
Rights outstanding at end of the period	44,800	48,800
Rights exercisable at the end of the period	13,997	-

Details of the stock appreciation rights plan 8 are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
	No. of Rights	No. of Rights
Rights outstanding at beginning of the period	20,000	-
Rights granted	-	20,000
Rights forfeited	( 2,000)	-
Rights exercised	-	-
Rights outstanding at end of the period	18,000	20,000
Rights exercisable at the end of the period	4,500	-

Details of the employee stock options plan 1 are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015	
	No. of options	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)	No. of options	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)
Options outstanding at beginning of the period	750,000	\$ 1,185	-	\$ -
Options granted	-	-	-	-
Options exercised	-	-	-	-
Options expired	( 28,000)	-	-	-
Options outstanding at end of the period	<u>722,000</u>	\$ 1,185	<u>-</u>	\$ -
Options exercisable at end of the period	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-

E. The weighted-average stock price of stock appreciation rights at exercise dates for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$1,240 (in dollars) and \$1,789 (in dollars), respectively.

F. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below :

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016		Three-month period ended September 30, 2015	
Cash settled-stock : Stock appreciation rights plan	(\$	80,210)	\$	116,129
Equity settled-Empolyee stock options		<u>27,088</u>		<u>-</u>
	(\$	<u>53,122)</u>	\$	<u>116,129</u>
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015	
Cash settled-stock : Stock appreciation rights plan	(\$	197,881)	\$	822,261
Equity settled-Empolyee stock options		<u>83,420</u>		<u>-</u>
	(\$	<u>114,461)</u>	\$	<u>822,261</u>

G. Liabilities incurred from share based payment transactions are shown below:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Liabilities on cash-settled stock appreciation rights plan (shown in other payables)	\$ <u>766,811</u>	\$ <u>1,029,964</u>	\$ <u>1,038,820</u>

Subsidiary-Hermes Microvision, Inc. (U.S.A):

A. As of September 30, 2016, the Company's subsidiary - Hermes Microvision, Inc. (U.S.A) share based payment arrangements were as follows:

<u>Type of arrangement</u>	<u>Grant date</u>	<u>Outstanding quantity granted</u>	<u>Contract period</u>	<u>Vesting conditions</u>
Employee stock options	April 1, 2005~ November 1, 2011	-	10 years	4 years' service

The above share - based payment arrangements are settled by equity.

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements of Hermes Microvision Inc. (U.S.A) are as follows:

	<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016</u>		<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015</u>	
	<u>No. of options</u>	<u>Weighted-average exercise price (in US dollars)</u>	<u>No. of options</u>	<u>Weighted-average exercise price (in US dollars)</u>
Options outstanding at beginning of the period	182,000	\$ 0.8700	254,574	\$ 0.8658
Options exercised	-	-	( 69,574)	0.8546
Options expired	( 182,000)	0.8700	-	-
Options outstanding at end of the period	<u>-</u>	-	<u>185,000</u>	0.8700
Options exercisable at end of the period	<u>-</u>	-	<u>175,626</u>	0.8700

C. The weighted-average stock price of stock options at exercise dates for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$0.8700 (in US dollars) and \$0.8546 (in US dollars), respectively.

D. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

Date of the plan	Expiry date	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
		No. of shares (in thousands)	Exercise price (in US dollars)	No. of shares (in thousands)	Exercise price (in US dollars)
April 1, 2005~ November 1, 2011	March 31, 2020~ October 31, 2021	-	\$ -	182	\$ 0.87

Date of the plan	Expiry date	September 30, 2015	
		No. of shares (in thousands)	Exercise price (in US dollars)
April 1, 2005~ November 1, 2011	March 31, 2020~ October 31, 2021	185	\$ 0.87

E. The fair value of stock options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Exercise price (in US dollars)	Expected price volatility	Expected term	Expected dividends yield rate	Risk-free interest rate	Fair value per unit (in US dollars)
Employee stock options	April 1, 2005 ~ November 1, 2011	\$0.49~0.87	29.85%~ 42.16%	1~9.84 years	-	2.22%~ 5.2%	\$0.1043~ 0.4954

Note: Expected price volatility rate was estimated by using the peer companies' stock prices of the most recent period with length similar to the stock options' expected life and the standard deviation of return on the stock during this period.

F. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
	\$ -	\$ 549
Equity-settled	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
	\$ -	\$ 1,955

(12) Provisions

	Warranty
At January 1, 2016	\$ 1,808,182
Unused amounts reversed	<u>37,282</u>
At September 30, 2016	<u>\$ 1,845,464</u>
	Warranty
At January 1, 2015	\$ 1,471,138
Additional provisions	<u>221,921</u>
At September 30, 2015	<u>\$ 1,693,059</u>

(13) Share capital

- A. As of September 30, 2016, the Company's authorized capital was \$1,200,000, consisting of 120,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$710,000 with a par value of \$10 (in NT dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
- B. As authorized during the shareholders' meeting on June 4, 2013, the Board of Directors adopted a resolution in the July 31, 2013 meeting to increase capital by issuance of Global Deposit Receipts ("GDRs"). The offering was completed in November 2013 with the issuance of 5,000 thousand new shares and 5,000 thousand existing outstanding shares, totaling 10,000 thousand units to be listed in Luxembourg Stock Exchange. Each unit of GDRs represents 1 common share. The issue price was US\$29.17 (in dollar) per unit, which is equivalent to NT\$860 (in dollar) per unit. Total proceeds raised were \$4,238,036 after deducting the issuance costs. As of September 30, 2016, the outstanding shares of GDRs were 318 thousand units representing 318 thousand shares.

(14) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Law, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized as mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.



	Share premium	Employee stock options	Adjustments arising from changes in ownership percentage in subsidiary
At January 1, 2016	\$ 5,411,867	\$ 3,399	\$ 21,642
Share-based payment transaction	-	83,420	-
At September 30, 2016	<u>\$ 5,411,867</u>	<u>\$ 86,819</u>	<u>\$ 21,642</u>

  

	Share premium	Employee stock options	Adjustments arising from changes in ownership percentage in subsidiary
At January 1, 2015	\$ 5,411,867	\$ -	\$ 19,329
Adjustments arising from changes in ownership percentage in subsidiary	-	-	1,973
At September 30, 2015	<u>\$ 5,411,867</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 21,302</u>

(15) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior year's operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve, then setting aside or reversing special reserve according to the resolution of shareholders' meeting or the request by competent authorities. Appropriation of the remainder shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders.
- B. As the Company's industry is in the growth stage, in order to be in line with the industry's overall environment and its characteristics and pursue the goals of the Company's sustainable operations and shareholders' long-term interests, the dividend policy is adopted taking into consideration the Company's actual operating results of the dividend distribution year and the capital budget planning of the following year. Dividends are distributed in the form of stock or cash. According to the Company's dividend policy, cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When the debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the amount of the associated special reserve could be released and included in the distributable earnings.

E. The dividend distribution for 2015 and 2014 was approved by shareholders on June 8, 2016 and May 29, 2015 and amounted to \$1,136,000 (\$16 (in dollars) per share) and \$1,562,000 (\$22 (in dollars) per share), respectively.

F. For information relating to employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration, please refer to Note 6(21).

(16) Other equity

	Currency translation
At January 1, 2016	\$ 71,323
Cumulative translation difference of foreign operations	( 38,761)
Tax on cumulative translation difference of foreign operations	6,589
At September 30, 2016	\$ 39,151
	Currency translation
At January 1, 2015	\$ 49,650
Cumulative translation difference of foreign operations	32,468
Tax on cumulative translation difference of foreign operations	( 5,520)
At September 30, 2015	\$ 76,598

(17) Operating revenue

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Sales revenue	\$ 769,103	\$ 919,999
Other operating revenue	184,017	128,276
	<u>\$ 953,120</u>	<u>\$ 1,048,275</u>
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Sales revenue	\$ 2,908,585	\$ 4,614,102
Other operating revenue	523,994	312,771
	<u>\$ 3,432,579</u>	<u>\$ 4,926,873</u>

(18) Other income

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Interest income:		
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 8,133	\$ 13,501
Interest income from financial assets	-	-
Others	146	342
Total	<u>\$ 8,279</u>	<u>\$ 13,843</u>

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Interest income:		
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 34,357	\$ 43,301
Interest income from financial assets	3,656	4,931
Others	2,196	8,359
Total	<u>\$ 40,209</u>	<u>\$ 56,591</u>

(19) Other gains and losses

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$ 73)	\$ -
Net currency exchange (loss) gain	( 89,861)	307,559
Loss on valuation of financial assets	( 379)	( 4,995)
Gain on disposal investments	1,245	2,314
Other losses	-	-
Total	<u>(\$ 89,068)</u>	<u>\$ 304,878</u>
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$ 2,218)	(\$ 644)
Net currency exchange (loss) gain	( 42,671)	191,262
Gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets	-	( 3,436)
Gain on disposal investments	22,530	4,092
Other losses	( 1)	( 352)
Total	<u>(\$ 22,360)</u>	<u>\$ 190,922</u>

(20) Expenses by nature

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Employee benefit expense	\$ 352,348	\$ 516,461
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	28,358	22,342
Amortization charges on intangible assets	2,348	2,655
Total	<u>\$ 383,054</u>	<u>\$ 541,458</u>

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Employee benefit expense	\$ 1,119,766	\$ 2,058,341
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	83,477	55,999
Amortization charges on intangible assets	7,165	5,653
Total	<u>\$ 1,210,408</u>	<u>\$ 2,119,993</u>

(21) Employee benefit expense

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Wages and salaries	\$ 359,956	\$ 357,793
Compensation cost of employee stock options and stock appreciation right (	53,122)	116,678
Labor and health insurance fees	30,041	24,136
Pension costs	8,931	3,697
Other personnel expenses	6,542	14,157
	<u>\$ 352,348</u>	<u>\$ 516,461</u>
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Wages and salaries	\$ 1,086,604	\$ 1,069,309
Compensation cost of employee stock options and stock appreciation right (	114,461)	824,216
Labor and health insurance fees	91,309	88,484
Pension costs	32,255	28,273
Other personnel expenses	24,059	48,059
	<u>\$ 1,119,766</u>	<u>\$ 2,058,341</u>

A. According to the amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 1% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

B. For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, employees' compensation was accrued at (\$16,633), \$25,437, \$67,979 and \$96,959, respectively; directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$5,669, \$2,544, \$9,900 and \$9,696, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses.

The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration as resolved at the shareholders' meeting and the amount recognized in the 2015 financial statements amounted to \$132,274 and \$13,227, respectively. The difference had been adjusted in the profit or loss of 2016 amounting to \$27.

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of 2014 as resolved at the Board of Directors' meeting were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2014 financial statements.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the Board of Directors' meeting will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(22) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 120,438	\$ 92,156
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior period	( 9,394)	3,365
Total current tax	<u>111,044</u>	<u>95,521</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 111,044</u>	<u>\$ 95,521</u>
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 194,662	\$ 257,717
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings	92,151	134,480
Adjustments in respect of prior period	4,425	( 19,303)
Total current tax	<u>291,238</u>	<u>372,894</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 291,238</u>	<u>\$ 372,894</u>

(b)The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income are as follows:

	<u>Three-month period ended September 30, 2016</u>	<u>Three-month period ended September 30, 2015</u>
Cumulative translation differences of foreign operations	\$ 4,777	(\$ 9,869)
	<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016</u>	<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015</u>
Cumulative translation differences of foreign operations	\$ 6,589	(\$ 5,520)

B. As of September 30, 2016, the Company's income tax returns have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority through 2013.

C. Unappropriated retained earnings:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Earnings generated in and after 1998	\$ <u>5,037,556</u>	\$ <u>5,574,668</u>	\$ <u>4,881,936</u>

D. As of September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, the balance of the imputation tax credit account was \$470,766, \$461,260 and \$334,351 respectively. The creditable tax rate was 11.19% for 2015 and was estimated to be 9.35% for 2016.

E. The Company's products are qualified for a five-year exemption on income tax under the "Incentives for Emerging Important Strategic Industries in Manufacturing and Technology Services". The income tax is valid from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2016.

(23) Earnings per share

Three-month period ended September 30, 2016			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company	\$ 34,091	71,000	\$ 0.48
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company	\$ 34,091	71,000	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' bonus	-	133	
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 34,091	71,133	\$ 0.48

Three-month period ended September 30, 2015			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company	\$ 471,140	71,000	\$ 6.64
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company	\$ 471,140	71,000	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' bonus	-	114	
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 471,140	71,114	\$ 6.63

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company	\$ 831,031	71,000	\$ 11.70
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company	\$ 831,031	71,000	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' bonus	-	133	
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 831,031	71,133	\$ 11.68

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company	\$ 1,596,920	71,000	\$ 22.49
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company	\$ 1,596,920	71,000	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' bonus	-	114	
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 1,596,920	71,114	\$ 22.46

A. The Company's employee stock options had anti-dilution effect on earnings per share for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016. Thus, they were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.



(24) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$ 111,748	\$ 267,160
Add: opening balance of payable on equipment	3,799	45,538
Less: ending balance of payable on equipment	( 308)	( 4,148)
Cash paid during the period	<u>\$ 115,239</u>	<u>\$ 308,550</u>

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Significant transactions and balances with related parties

A. Operating revenue:

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Sales of goods:		
The entity with significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 15,750</u>	<u>\$ 8,107</u>
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Sales of goods:		
The entity with significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 51,991</u>	<u>\$ 33,703</u>

There are no significant differences in sale prices and collection terms between related parties and third parties.

B. Purchases of services:

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Technology service charge -		
The entity with significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 8,670</u>	<u>\$ 5,054</u>
Commission expense -		
The entity with significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 15,023</u>	<u>\$ 8,784</u>
Other expenses -		
The entity with significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>

	<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016</u>	<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015</u>
Technology service charge - The entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ <u>23,694</u>	\$ <u>16,812</u>
Commission expense - The entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ <u>29,899</u>	\$ <u>28,814</u>
Other expenses - The entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ <u>14</u>	\$ <u>11</u>

The above transactions are under normal commercial terms and conditions.

C. Accounts receivable:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>
Receivables from the entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ <u>34,820</u>	\$ <u>29,332</u>
		<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Receivables from the entity with significant influence over the Group		\$ <u>21,156</u>

The receivables from the entity with significant influence over the Group arise mainly from sale transactions. The receivables are due from 30~60 days after the date of sales. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest. There are no provisions accrued against receivables from related parties.

D. Other payables:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>
Payables from the entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ <u>32,276</u>	\$ <u>43,663</u>
		<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Payables from the entity with significant influence over the Group		\$ <u>57,770</u>

E. Leases:

	<u>Three-month period ended September 30, 2016</u>	<u>Three-month period ended September 30, 2015</u>
Rental expense- The entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ <u>1,121</u>	\$ <u>1,686</u>

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Rental expense- The entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ 3,207	\$ 8,622
(2) <u>Key management compensation</u>		
	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 16,267	\$ 12,363
Share-based payment	-	6,859
	\$ 16,267	\$ 19,222
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 48,044	\$ 33,111
Share-based payment	1,205	23,270
	\$ 49,249	\$ 56,381

#### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

None.

#### 9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

##### (1) Contingencies

None.

##### (2) Commitments

###### A. Operating lease commitments

The Group leases offices and plant assets under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. Rental expense of \$25,605, \$19,715, \$74,178 and \$63,272 were recognized for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The majority of lease agreements are renewable at the end of the lease periods at market rates.

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Not later than one year	\$ 70,884	\$ 73,941	\$ 62,776
Later than one year but not later than five years	195,042	244,190	172,208
Later than five years	39,093	38,471	48,511
Total	<u>\$ 305,019</u>	<u>\$ 356,602</u>	<u>\$ 283,495</u>

B. Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Future payments for plant and equipment	<u>\$ 73,800</u>	<u>\$ 73,800</u>	<u>\$ 73,800</u>

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Share Swap Agreement with Epsilon Co., a wholly-owned subsidiary of ASML Holding N.V., has been approved by shareholders at the extraordinary shareholders' meeting held on August 3, 2016. The Share Swap Agreement has been approved by the Committee on Foreign Investments in the U.S., Fair Trade Commission and Investment Commission of Ministry of Economic Affairs in Taiwan, Competition Commission in Singapore. The Company is proceeding to seek approval from the Fair Trade Commission in South Korea. The Board of Directors has resolved to set the base day of the Share Swap Agreement on November 22, 2016, once all the conditions concerning the settlement of the Company's shares are met. The Company will submit an application to the Financial Supervisory Commission to cease the public status of the Company's shares and the trading of such shares will cease on November 16, 2016. In addition, the Company will submit an application to cease the public status of the 10,000,000 units of Overseas Depositary Receipts of the Company issued on November 12, 2013, at the Bourse de Luxembourg following local regulations and terms of the depositary contract. .

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital risk management

In order to safeguard the Group's ability to adapt to the changes in the industry and to accelerate the new product development, the Group's objectives when managing capital are to maintain sufficient financial resources to support the operating capital, capital expenditures, research and development activities and dividends paid to shareholders.

The Group monitors capital through the ratio of total liabilities divided by total assets. The Group's strategy is to maintain the ratio within 50%. As of September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, the Group's ratios of total liabilities divided by total assets were as follows:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Total liabilities	\$ 3,665,344	\$ 4,069,014
Total assets	\$ 16,046,603	\$ 16,705,281
Total liabilities/total assets ratio	23%	24%

  

	September 30, 2015
Total liabilities	\$ 3,830,586
Total assets	\$ 15,774,439
Total liabilities/total assets ratio	24%

(2) Financial instruments

A. Fair value information of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments measured at amortized cost approximate their fair values. These include cash and cash equivalents, notes payable, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term loans, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables.

B. Financial risk management policies

No significant change was made during the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016. For more information, please refer to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD, CNY and JPY. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognized assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.
- iii. The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk.

- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, CNY and JPY). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

September 30, 2016				
	Foreign currency		Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
	amount (in thousands)			
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	\$	92,177	31.360	\$ 2,890,657
JPY:NTD		1,647,161	0.311	512,102
USD:KRW		466	1,093.826	14,603
USD:CNY		771	6.682	24,164
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	\$	8,373	31.360	\$ 262,569
USD:JPY		722	100.868	22,653
USD:KRW		562	1,093.826	17,623
December 31, 2015				
	Foreign currency		Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
	amount (in thousands)			
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	\$	90,301	32.825	\$ 2,964,127
JPY:NTD		1,169,623	0.273	318,956
USD:KRW		397	1,167.942	13,038
USD:CNY		783	6.572	25,690
USD:JPY		35	120.370	1,161
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	\$	9,838	32.825	\$ 322,777
USD:JPY		165	120.370	5,400
USD:KRW		733	1,167.942	24,073

September 30, 2015				
	Foreign currency		Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
	amount	(in thousands)		
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	\$	122,532	32.870	\$ 4,027,631
JPY:NTD		596,419	0.274	163,359
USD:KRW		784	1,175.818	25,765
USD:JPY		5,377	120.007	176,749
USD:CNY		808	6.351	26,560
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	\$	151,146	32.870	\$ 497,849
USD:JPY		5,646	120.007	185,597
USD:KRW		838	1,175.818	27,560

- v. Total unrealized exchange gain (loss), including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary item held by the Group for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, amounted to (\$89,861), \$307,559, \$42,671 and \$191,262, respectively.
- vi. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation is as follows:

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016				
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	Sensitivity Analysis			
	Extent of Variation	Effect on Profit or Loss	Effect on Other Comprehensive Income	
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 28,907	\$	-
JPY:NTD	1%	5,121		-
USD:KRW	1%	146		-
USD:CNY	1%	241		-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 2,626	\$	-
USD:JPY	1%	227		-
USD:KRW	1%	176		-

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015					
Sensitivity Analysis					
	Extent of Variation	Effect on Profit or Loss		Effect on Other Comprehensive Income	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)					
<u>Financial assets</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD:NTD	1%	\$	40,276	\$	-
JPY:NTD	1%		1,634		-
USD:KRW	1%		258		-
USD:JPY	1%		1,767		-
USD:CNY	1%		266		-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD:NTD	1%	(\$	4,978)	\$	-
USD:JPY	1%	(	1,856)		-
USD:KRW	1%	(	276)		-

#### Price risk

The Group's investments in equity securities consist of unlisted stocks, which are classified on the consolidated balance sheet as available-for-sale financial assets. The price of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased / decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant, total equity for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 would have increased / decreased by \$0 and \$1,626, respectively, as a result of gains / losses on equity securities classified as available-for-sale.

#### Interest rate risk

At September 30, 2016 and 2015, if interest rates on NTD-denominated time deposits had been 0.25% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 would have been \$4,250 and \$14,343 lower / higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest revenue on floating rate time deposits.

#### (b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other



factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions.

- ii. No credit limits were exceeded during the reporting periods, and management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group finance. Group finance monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, and compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group finance. Group finance invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining periods at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

September 30, 2016	<u>Less than 1 year</u>
Accounts payable	\$ 104,128
Other payables	1,359,040
Other payables - related parties	32,276

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

December 31, 2015	<u>Less than 1 year</u>
Accounts payable	\$ 106,129
Other payables	1,690,655
Other payables - related parties	43,663

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

September 30, 2015	Less than 1 year
Accounts payable	\$ 197,546
Other payables	1,582,471
Other payables - related parties	57,770

(3) Fair value information

A. Details of the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value are provided in Note 12(2).

B. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in beneficiary certificates is included in Level 1.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The Group does not invest any assets in Level 2.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market is included in Level 3.

C. The following table presents the Group's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value as of September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015 :

September 30, 2016: None.

December 31, 2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,524	\$ 32,524
September 30, 2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Held for trading financial assets	\$ 613,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 613,368
Equity securities	-	-	32,524	32,524
Total	\$ 613,368	\$ -	\$ 32,524	\$ 645,892

D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Closed-end fund	Open-end fund	Government bond	Corporate bond	Convertible (exchangeable) bond
Market quoted price	Closing price	Closing price	Net asset value	Transaction price	Weighted average quoted price	Closing price

E. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

F. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the closing price or the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1. Instruments included in level 1 comprise primarily equity instruments and debt instruments classified as financial assets/financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or available-for-sale financial assets.

G. The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	2016
	Equity securities
At January 1	\$ 32,524
Acquisition	( 32,524)
At September 30	\$ -
	2015
	Equity securities
At January 1	\$ 7,450
Acquisition	25,074
At September 30	\$ 32,524

H. Finance department is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent

information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

- I. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

September 30, 2016: None.

	Fair value at September 30, 2015	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 18,546	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	-	The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value;
Venture capital shares	13,978	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Private equity fund investment					

### 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

#### (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 1.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 2.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 3.

I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.

J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 4.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China) : Please refer to table 5.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 6.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 7.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group operates business only in a single industry. The chief operating decision-maker, who allocates resources and assesses performance of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

	Amount
Revenue from external customers	\$ 3,432,579
Inter-segment revenue	\$ -
Segment income	\$ 1,121,764
Total segment assets	\$ 16,046,603

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015

	Amount
Revenue from external customers	\$ 4,926,873
Inter-segment revenue	\$ -
Segment income	\$ 1,968,735
Total segment assets	\$ 15,774,439

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

None.

Hermes Microvision, Inc. And Subsidiaries

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Investor	Marketable securities (Note 1)	General ledger account	Counterparty (Note 2)	Relationship with the investor (Note 2)	Balance as at January 1, 2016		Addition (Note 3)		Disposal (Note 3)		Balance as at September 30, 2016	
					Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Selling price	Book value	Gain (loss) on disposal	Number of shares
Hermes Microvision, Inc.	Jih Sun Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	\$ -	20,516,749	\$ 300,000	300,246	\$ 300,000	\$ 246	-
"	Franklin Templeton SinoAm Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	29,415,225	300,000	300,238	300,000	238	-
"	Union Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	22,993,615	300,000	300,152	300,000	152	-
"	Yuanta De-Bao Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	25,264,009	300,000	300,149	300,000	149	-
"	FSITC Taiwan Money Market	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	19,863,603	300,000	300,129	300,000	129	-
"	Fuh Hwa Strategic High Income Funds	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	10,607,470	140,000	144,580	140,000	4,580	-
"	Fuh Hwa Global Fixed Income Funds	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	9,510,627	140,000	144,942	140,000	4,942	-

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more.

Note 4: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20% of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Hermes Microvision, Inc. Inc. And Subsidiaries

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more  
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction			Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions (Note 1)			Notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
			Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)
Hermes Microvision, Inc.	Hermes Microvision Japan Inc.	Subsidiary	Sales	(\$ 532,569)	(15.52%)	30 days after delivery	Approximately the same with third party transactions	Approximately the same with third party transactions	534,672	25.90%
"	Hermes Microvision Inc. (US)	"	Sales	( 235,839)	(6.87%)	30 days after delivery	"	"	30,935	1.50%
"	Hermes Microvision Inc. (US)	"	Purchases	150,379	34.42%	30 days after acceptance	"	"	( 22,863)	(21.96%)

Note 1: If terms of related-party transactions are different from third-party transactions, explain the differences and reasons in the 'Unit price' and 'Credit term' columns.

Note 2: In case related-party transaction terms involve advance receipts (prepayments) transactions, explain in the footnote the reasons, contractual provisions, related amounts, and differences in types of transactions compared to third-party transactions.

Note 3: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Hermes Microvision, Inc. And Subsidiaries

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more  
September 30, 2016

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at September 30, 2016 (Note 1)	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		

Hermes Microvision, Inc.	Hermes Microvision Japan Inc.	Subsidiary	\$ 534,672	1.65%	\$ -	-	\$ -	-
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Note 1: Fill in separately the balances of accounts receivable-related parties, notes receivable-related parties, other receivables-related parties, etc.

Note 2: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.



Hermes Microvision, Inc. And Subsidiaries  
Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods  
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction			Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	
0	Hermes Microvision Inc.(TW)	Hermes Microvision Inc.(US)	1	Sales	\$	233,839 The price and terms were based on the ordinary course of business	6.87%
0	"	"	1	Purchases		150,379 The price and terms were based on the ordinary course of business	4.38%
0	"	"	1	Contracted research expense		723,066 No similar types of transactions for comparison as these transactions were based on mutually agreed price and terms	21.12%
0	"	"	1	Other expenses		60,037 No similar types of transactions for comparison as these transactions were based on mutually agreed price and terms	1.75%
0	"	"	1	Cost of goods sold		250,337 No similar types of transactions for comparison as these transactions were based on mutually agreed price and terms	7.29%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable		30,935 Net 30 days, after delivery	0.19%
0	"	"	1	Accounts payable		22,863 Net 30 days, after acceptance	0.14%
0	"	"	1	Other payables		173,929 Net 30 days, after acceptance	1.08%
0	"	Hermes Microvision Japan Inc.	1	Sales		532,569 The price and terms were based on the ordinary course of business	15.52%
0	"	"	1	Purchases		13,847 The price and terms were based on the ordinary course of business	0.40%
0	"	"	1	Contracted research expense		14,942 No similar types of transactions for comparison as these transactions were based on mutually agreed price and terms	0.44%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable		534,672 Net 30 days, after delivery	3.33%

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction			Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	
0	Hermes Microvision Inc (TW)	Hermes Microvision Japan Inc.	1	Other receivables	18,608	Net 30 days, after delivery	0.12%
0	"	Hermes Microvision Korea Inc.	1	Sales	52,813	The price and terms were based on the ordinary course of business	1.54%
0	"	"	1	Purchases	38,825	The price and terms were based on the ordinary course of business	1.13%
0	"	"	1	Accounts receivable	17,623	Net 30 days, after delivery	0.11%
0	"	Hermes Microvision Co.,Ltd. (Beijing)	1	Purchases	67,218	The price and terms were based on the ordinary course of business	1.96%
0	"	"	1	Accounts payable	16,135	Net 30 days, after acceptance	0.10%
1	Hermes Microvision Inc (US)	"	3	Sales	10,716	The price and terms were based on the ordinary course of business	0.31%
1	"	"	3	Purchases	43,741	The price and terms were based on the ordinary course of business	1.27%
1	"	"	3	Contracted research expense	100,689	No similar types of transactions for comparison as these transactions were based on mutually agreed price and terms	2.93%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1)Parent company is '0'

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

(1)Parent company to subsidiary.

(2)Subsidiary to parent company.

(3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Only transactions with amount equal to or higher than NT \$ 10,000 thousand are disclosed.

Hermes Microvision, Inc. And Subsidiaries  
Information on investees

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Investor		Investee (Notes 1 and 2)		Location		Main business activities		Initial investment amount		Shares held as at September 30, 2016			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016		Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016		Footnote
								Balance as at September 30, 2016	as at December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	(Note 2(2))	(Note 2(2))	(Note 2(3))	(Note 2(3))	
								\$	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Subsidiary
Hermes Microvision Inc.		HMI Holdings Inc.		Samoa		Investment holdings		855,345	861,591	27,919,369	100%	1,048,261	30,808	30,808	30,808		
HMI Holdings Inc.		Hermes Microvision Korea Inc.		Korea		Marketing of e- Bean inspection equipment and its components and related technical support services		14,440	2,140	5,000	100%	38,586	4,724	4,724	-	-	Indirect subsidiary
HMI Holdings Inc.		Hermes Microvision Japan Inc.		Japan		Marketing of e- Bean inspection equipment and its components and related technical support services		52,574	52,574	2,980	100%	79,110	593	593	-	-	"

Investor	Investee (Notes 1 and 2)	Location	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at September 30, 2016		Net profit (loss) of the investee for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016 (Note 2(2))	Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
			Main business as at September 30, 2016	Balance as at December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value		
HMI Holdings Inc.	HMI Investment Corp.	Samoa	Investment holdings	654,592	21,546,822	100%	770,877 (	33,740) \$	Indirect subsidiary
HMI Investment Corp.	Hermes Microvision Inc.	America	Research and development	665,970	61,785,000	94%	770,877 (	36,019)	"

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

- (1) The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', 'Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at September 30, 2016' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary or indirect subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.
- (2) The 'Net profit (loss)' of the investee for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.
- (3) The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.



Hermes Microvision, Inc. And Subsidiaries

Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Table 7

	Sale (purchase)		Property transaction		Accounts receivable (payable)		Provision of endorsemments/guarantees or collaterals		Financing		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Balance at September 30, 2016	%	Balance at September 30, 2016	Maximum balance during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Balance at September 30, 2016	Interest rate	Interest during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016
											Others
Investee in Mainland China											
Hermes Microvision Co.,Ltd. (Beijing)	\$ 695	0.02%	None	None	\$ 396	0.02%	None	None	None	None	None
"	( 67,218)	15.39%	None	None	( 16,135)	15.50%	None	None	None	None	None